

# **Hastelloy B-3**

Hastelloy B-3 is a corrosion-resistant, solid-solution nickel-molybdenum alloy. It is characterized by:

- significant corrosion resistance to reducing environments
- excellent resistance to medium-concentrated sulphuric acid and a number of non-oxidizing acids
- good resistance to chloride-induced stress-corrosion cracking
- good resistance to a wide range of organic acids
- thermal stability greatly superior to that of its predecessors, e.g. Hastelloy B-2

#### **Chemical Composition, %**

element	Ni	Мо	Ni+Mo	Fe	Cr	V	Nb	Cu	Co	W	Al	Ti	С	Mn	Si	Р	S
min.	65.0	27.0	94.0	1.0	1.0												
max.		32.0	98.0	3.0	3.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.0	3.0	0.5	0.2	0.01	3.0	0.1	0.03	0.01

Chemical Composition according to ASTM. Some compositional limits of other specifications may vary slightly.

#### **Designation and standards**

National	Material	Chemical	Farainas	Rod and	Plate and	Chuin	Seamless	
Standards	designation	composition	Forgings	bar	sheet	Strip	tube	
			B564					
ASTM	UNS N10675		SB564	B335	B333	B333	B622	
ASME	0142 1410673		B462	SB335	SB333	SB333	SB622	
			SB462					
DIN	2.4600	DIN 17744		DIN 17752	DIN 17750	DIN 17750	DIN 17751	
DIN	NiMo29Cr	DIN 17744			DIN 17730	DIN 17730		
GB/T	NS3203, NS323	GB/T 15007						

Density 9.22g/cm<sup>3</sup>

### **Corrosion resistance**

- excellent corrosion resistance in aggressive reducing media such as hydrochloric acid in a wide range of temperatures and concentrations, as well as in medium-concentrated sulphuric acid even with limitd chloride contamination
  - good corrosion resistance in acetic and phosphoric acids

## **Applications**

Hastelloy B-2 is used in a wide range of applications in the chemical process industry, especially for processes involving sulphuric, hydrochloric, phosphoric and acetic acid. But it is not recommended in the presence of ferric or cupric salts as these salts may cause rapid corrosion failure. Ferric or cupric salts may develop when hydrochloric acid comes in contact with iron or copper.